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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/216,062	12/18/1998	YAJUN GUO	239/102	1297
7	2590 03/26/2004		EXAMINER	
PENG CHEN			DIBRINO, MARIANNE NMN	
MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP 3811 VALLEY CENTRE DRIVE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 500			1644	
SAN DIEGO,	CA 92130-2332		DATE MAILED: 03/26/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Cummons	09/216,062	GUO, YAJUN			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
T	DiBrino Marianne	1644			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed ys will be considered timely. Ithe mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 November 2003</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>45-49,53-56,58-62,65-77,81-84,86-95</u> 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>54, 55, 65, 67, 68, 76</u>					
consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>45-49,53,56,58-62,66,69-74,81,84,86</u> 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	· · · · ·	ed.			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Identified or b) objected to by the Identified or by the Ident	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies. 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/28/03 has been entered.
- 2. Applicant's amendment filed 11/28/03 is acknowledged and has been entered.
- 3. Applicant is reminded of Applicant's election of the species of hepatocellular carcinoma cells, bispecific antibody for 4-1BB/gp95 and TNF-alpha and IFN-gamma treated cells and TNF-alpha and IFN-gamma in Paper No. 26. Because the Applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP 818.03(a)).

Claims 45-49, 53, 56, 58-62, 66, 69-74, 79, 81, 84, 86-95, 99 and 102-110 read on the elected species enunciated above.

Accordingly, claims 54, 55, 65, 67, 68, 75-77, 82, 83, 98, 100 and 101 stand withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to non-elected inventions.

Claims 45-49, 53, 56, 58-62, 66, 69-74, 81, 84, 86-95, 99 and 102-110 are currently being examined.

4. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

Applicant is required to amend the specification (i.e., the paragraph spanning pages 24 and 25) to disclose the name and address of the depository for the cell lines disclosed in the specification.

Appropriate correction is required.

- 5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 6. Claims 45-49, 53, 56, 58-62, 66, 69-74, 81, 84, 86-95, 99 and 102-110 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.
- a. The specification does not disclose how to make and/or use the instant invention. The claimed method of making a composition and the said composition comprises the making and or/use of hepa 1-6 cells, recited in instant claims 62 and 95. The specification has not enabled the breadth of the claimed invention in view of the teachings of the specification because the claims encompass a composition which comprises a cell line designated "hepa 1-6". The state of the art is such that it is unpredictable in the absence of appropriate evidence whether the claimed compositions can be made and/or used.

The instant specification discloses working examples for (on pages 41-42 and 44-45) use of the invention (irradiated tumor cells armed with gp115xCD28 bispecific mAb) to cause hepa 1-6 hepatoma tumor cell regression in mice and to cause tumor regression of SMCC-1 colon carcinoma in mice, respectively. The specification further discloses on page 23 at lines 10-11 that "Hepa 1-6 is a chemically induced hepatoma originating in a C57BL/6 mouse (G. J. Darlington et al., 1980, J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 64: 809)."

The specification does not appear to disclose whether the said Hepa 1-6 hepatoma cells are readily available to the public, nor does the specification disclose a repeatable method for obtaining the said cells. It is apparent that the said cells are required to practice the claimed invention. As a required element, they must be known and readily available to the public or obtainable by a repeatable method set forth in the specification. If the said cells are not so obtainable or available, the enablement requirements of 35 USC 112, first paragraph, may be satisfied by a deposit of the relevant cell lines. See 37 CFR 1.802.

There is insufficient guidance in the specification as to how to make and/or use the instant invention. Undue experimentation would be required of one skilled in the art to practice the instant invention. See <u>In re Wands 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988)</u>.

b. The specification does not disclose how to make and/or use the instant invention. The claimed method of making a composition and the said composition comprises the making and or/use of compositions comprising hepatocellular carcinoma cells, lymphoma cells, colon carcinoma cells or gastric cancer cells. The specification has not enabled the breadth of the claimed invention in view of the teachings of the specification because the claims encompass the making and/or use of compositions comprising non-irradiated cancer cells.

The specification discloses that the composition of the instant invention is useful in treating cancer (especially page 21 at lines 8-19).

Evidentiary reference U.S. Patent No. 5,484,596 discloses using irradiated tumor cells as a vaccine in order that the injected tumor cells do not proliferate when administered in vivo (especially Abstract).

There is insufficient guidance in the specification as to how to make and/or use the instant invention. Undue experimentation would be required of one skilled in the art to practice the instant invention. See <u>In re Wands 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988)</u>.

c. The specification does not disclose how to make and/or use the instant invention. The specification has not enabled the breadth of the claimed invention in view of the teachings of the specification because the claims encompass a method of preparing a therapeutic vaccine composition. The state of the art is such that it is unpredictable in the absence of appropriate evidence whether the claimed compositions can be made and/or used.

The instant specification discloses working examples for (on pages 41-42 and 44-45) use of the invention (irradiated tumor cells armed with gp115xCD28 bispecific mAb) to cause hepa 1-6 hepatoma tumor cell regression in mice and to cause tumor regression of SMCC-1 colon carcinoma in mice, respectively. The specification further discloses on page 23 at lines 10-11 that "Hepa 1-6 is a chemically induced hepatoma originating in a C57BL/6 mouse (G. J. Darlington et al., 1980, J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 64: 809)." The specification further discloses (in Example 16) human clinical data on human hepatocellular carcinoma and colon cancer using CD28:gp115 bispecific Mab armed cancer cells, i.e., administration of the cellular compositions of the invention in vivo in patients in stages II-IV in HCC and in patients with colon cancer who had distant metastasis.

The specification does not disclose making a therapeutic vaccine composition useful for prevention of cancer.

Evidentiary reference Encyclopedia Brittanica Online (2004) defines vaccine as "suspension of weakened, killed, or fragmented microorganisms or toxins or of antibodies or lymphocytes that is administered primarily to prevent disease."

There is insufficient guidance in the specification as to how to make and/or use the instant invention. Undue experimentation would be required of one skilled in the art to practice the instant invention. See <u>In re Wands 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988)</u>.

- 7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 8. Claims 62 and 95 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 62 and 95 are indefinite in the recitation of "hepa 1-6" cells because the characteristics of the said cells are not known. The use of "hepa 1-6" as the sole means of identifying the cells renders the claim indefinite because "hepa 1-6" is merely a laboratory designation which does not clearly defined the claimed product.

9. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

10. Claims 70-74, 81, 84, 86-95, 99 and 102-110 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 103, 107, 110-115, 118, 119, 121-124, 126-137, 140-142, 144 and 145 of copending Application No. 08/872,527. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the 08/872,527 application are encompassed by the instant claims.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- 11. No claim is allowed.
- 12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marianne DiBrino whose telephone number is 571-272-0842. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday and Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chan Y Christina, can be reached on 571-272-0841. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Marianne DiBrino, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner

Group 1640

Technology Center 1600

March 22, 2004

CHRISTINA CHAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600